



## **Highlights & Features**

- Protection Class II, Double Isolation (No Earth connection is required)
- Universal AC input voltage and full power from -25°C to +55°C operation
- Power will not de-rate for the entire input voltage range
- Up to 86.0% efficiency
- Low earth leakage current < 0.25mA @ 264Vac
- Conforms to harmonic current IEC/EN 61000-3-2, Class A
- Overvoltage / Overcurrent / Over Temperature Protections

#### **Safety Standards**



CB Certified for worldwide use

Model Number: Unit Weight: Dimensions (L x W x D): 91 x 89.9 x 55.6 mm

DRC-12V100W1AZ 0.36 kg (0.79 lb) (3.58 x 3.54 x 2.19 inch)

# **General Description**

The DRC-12V100W1AZ is part of the Chrome DIN Rail Power Supply series, which is designed for use in compact cabinets for home automations and the food and beverage industry. Delta's Chrome DIN Rail Power Supply series offers double isolated input. This means that no Earth connection is required thus resulting in low leakage current. This product provides a universal input voltage range of 90-264Vac, and a wide temperature range of -25°C to 71°C. The Chrome series is certified to safety standard according to IEC/EN/UL 60950-1 Information Technology Equipment (ITE) and UL 508 Industrial Control Equipment (ICE). The series is also fully compliant with RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU for environmental protection.

# **Model Information**

#### Chrome DIN Rail Power Supply

Model Number	Input Voltage Range	Rated Output Voltage	Rated Output Current
DRC-12V100W1AZ	90-264Vac (125-375Vdc)	12Vdc	6A

# **Model Numbering**

DR	C –	12V	100W	1	Α	Z
DIN Rail	Product Series C – Isolation Class II Power Supply	Output Voltage	Output Power (100W series)	Single Phase	No PFC	Z – Black Plastic Case



## **Specifications**

# Input Ratings / Characteristics

Nominal Input Voltage		100-240Vac	
Input Voltage Range		90-264Vac	
Nominal Input Frequency		50-60Hz	
Input Frequency Range		47-63Hz	
Nominal DC Input Voltage*		125-375Vdc	
Input Current		< 1.50A @ 115Vac, < 0.90A @ 230Vac	
Efficiency at 100% Load		> 86.0% @ 115Vac & 230Vac	
Max Power Dissipation 0% load		< 0.15W @ 115Vac, < 0.35W @ 230Vac	
100% load		< 11.5W @ 115Vac & 230Vac	
Max Inrush Current (Cold Start)		< 30A @ 115Vac, < 65A @ 230Vac	
Leakage Current		< 0.25mA @ 264Vac	

\*Fulfills test conditions for DC input. Safety approval for DC input can be obtained upon request.

#### Output Ratings / Characteristics\*\*

Nominal Output Voltage	12Vdc
Factory Set Point Tolerance	12Vdc ± 2%
Output Voltage Adjustment Range	12-14Vdc
Output Current	6A (72W max.)
Output Power	72W
Line Regulation	< 0.5% (@ 90-264Vac, 100% load)
Load Regulation	< 1% (@ 90-264Vac, 0-100% load)
PARD*** (20MHz)	< 100mVpp
Rise Time	< 70ms @ nominal input (100% load)
Start-up Time	< 2000ms @ nominal input (100% load)
Hold-up Time	> 20ms @ 115Vac (100% load) > 100ms @ 230Vac (100% load)
Dynamic Response (Overshoot & Undershoot O/P Voltage)	± 5% @ 90-264Vac input, 0-100% load (Slew Rate: 0.1A/μs, 50% duty cycle @ 5Hz to 1KHz)
Start-up with Capacitive Loads	3,000µF Max

\*\*For power de-rating from 55°C to 70°C, see power de-rating on page 3. \*\*\*PARD is measured with an AC coupling mode, 5cm wires, and in parallel with 0.1µF ceramic capacitor & 47µF electrolytic capacitor.



## Mechanical

Case Cover / Chassis		Plastic	
Dimensions (L x W x D)		91 x 89.9 x 55.6 mm (3.58 x 3.54 x 2.19 inch)	
Unit Weight		0.36 kg (0.79 lb)	
Indicator		Green LED (DC OK)	
Cooling System		Convection	
Terminal	Input	2 Pins (Rated 300V/25A)	
	Output	4 Pins (Rated 300V/25A)	
Wire Input / Output		AWG 20-12	
Mounting Rail		Standard TS35 DIN Rail in accordance with EN 60715	
Noise (1 Meter from power supply)		Sound Pressure Level (SPL) < 25dBA	

# Environment

Surrounding Air Temperature	Operating	-25°C to +71°C	
	Storage	-40°C to +85°C	
Power De-rating		> 55°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C	
Operating Humidity		5 to 95% RH (Non-Condensing)	
Operating Altitude		0 to 2,000 Meters (6,560 ft.)	
Shock Test	Non-Operating	IEC 60068-2-27, Half Sine Wave: 50G for a duration of 11m 3 times per direction, 9 times in total	
	Operating	IEC 60068-2-27, Half Sine Wave: 10G for a duration of 11ms; 1 time in X axis	
Vibration	Non-Operating	IEC 60068-2-6, Random: 5-500Hz; 2.09Grms, 20 min per axis for all X, Y, Z directions	
	Operating	IEC 60068-2-6, Sine Wave: 10-500Hz; 2G peak; displacement of 0.35mm; 1 octave per min; 60 min per axis for all X, Y, Z directions	
Pollution Degree		2	

# Protections

Overvoltage	< 19.0V, SELV Output, Latch Mode
Overload / Overcurrent 120-150% of rated load current, Hiccup Mo Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery when the fac	
Over Temperature	< 75°C Surrounding Air Temperature @ 100% load, Latch Mode
Short Circuit	Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery when the fault is removed)
Internal Fuse	T3.15AH
Degree of Protection	IP20
Protection Against Shock	Class II (No PE* connection is required)

\*PE: Primary Earth



# **Reliability Data**

	> 500,000 hrs. as per Telcordia SR-332 I/P: 115Vac & 230Vac, O/P: 100% load, Ta: 25°C
Expected Cap Life Time	10 years (115Vac & 230Vac, 50% load @ 40°C)

# Safety Standards / Directives

Safety Entry Low Voltage		SELV (EN 60950-1)	
Electrical Safety	TUV Bauart UL/cUL recognized CB Scheme	UL 60950-1 and CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1 (File No. E1318	
Industrial Control Equipment UL/cUL listed		UL 508 and CSA C22.2 No. 107.1-01 (File No. E338991)	
CE		In conformance with EMC Directive 2014/30/EU and Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU	
Material and Parts		RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU Compliant	
Galvanic Isolation	Input to Output	3.0KVac	

# EMC

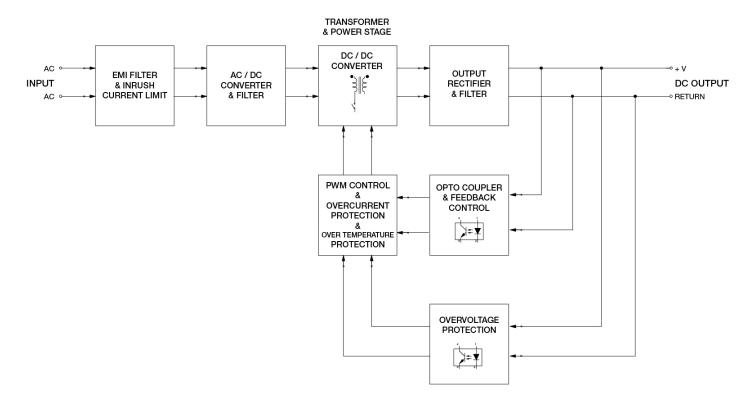
Emissions (CE & RE)		CISPR 22, CISPR 32, EN 55022, EN 55032, FCC Title 47: Class B	
Immunity to		EN 55024	
Electrostatic Discharge	IEC 61000-4-2 Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> Air Discharge: 8kV Contact Discharge: 6kV		
Radiated Field	IEC 61000-4-3	Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> 80MHz-1GHz, 10V/M with 1kHz tone / 80% modulation	
Electrical Fast Transient / Burst	IEC 61000-4-4	Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> 2kV	
Surge	IEC 61000-4-5	Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> Differential Mode <sup>3)</sup> : 1kV	
Conducted	IEC 61000-4-6	Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> 150kHz-80MHz, 10Vrms	
Power Frequency Magnetic Fields	IEC 61000-4-8	8 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> 10A/Meter	
Voltage Dips and Interruptions	IEC 61000-4-11	<ul> <li>&gt; 95% of 100Vac, 10ms</li> <li>30% of 100Vac, 500ms</li> <li>&gt; 95% of 100Vac, 5000ms</li> <li>95% of 230Vac, 10ms</li> <li>30% of 230Vac, 500ms</li> <li>&gt; 95% of 230Vac, 5000ms</li> </ul>	Criteria $A^{1}$ Criteria $A^{1}$ Criteria $B^{2}$ Criteria $A^{1}$ Criteria $A^{1}$ Criteria $A^{1}$ Criteria $B^{2}$
Harmonic Current Emission		IEC/EN 61000-3-2, Class A	
Voltage Fluctuation and Flicker		IEC/EN 61000-3-3	

1) Criteria A: Normal performance within the specification limits

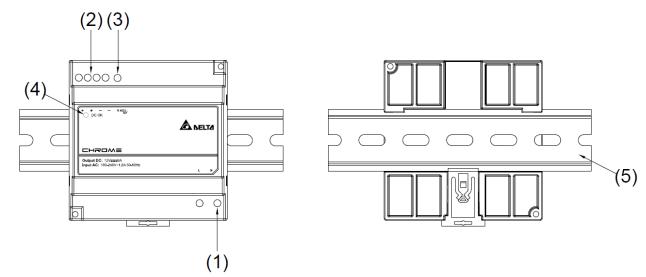
2) Criteria B: Temporary degradation or loss of function which is self-recoverable
 3) Symmetrical: Differential mode (Line to line)



# **Block Diagram**



# **Device Description**

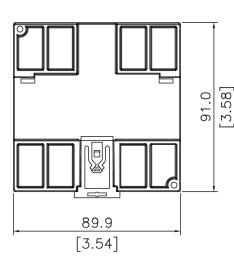


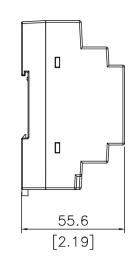
- Input terminal block connector 1)
- 2) 3) Output terminal block connector
- DC voltage adjustment potentiometer
- 4) DC OK control LED (Green)
- 5) Universal mounting system

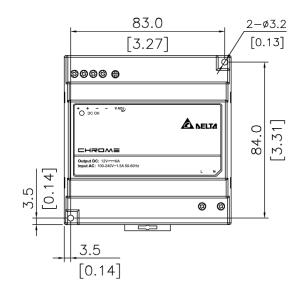


# **Dimensions**

L x W x D: 91 x 89.9 x 55.6 mm (3.58 x 3.54 x 2.19 inch)



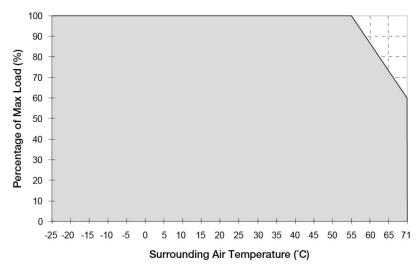




# **Engineering Data**

6

# Output Load De-rating VS Surrounding Air Temperature



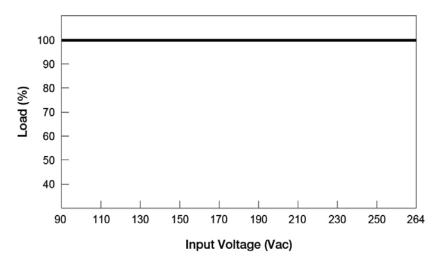


#### Note

- 1. Power supply components may degrade, or be damaged, when the power supply is continuously used outside the shaded region, refer to the graph shown in Fig. 1.
- 2. If the output capacity is not reduced when the surrounding air temperature >55°C, the device will run into Over Temperature Protection. When activated, power supply will latch off, until the surrounding air temperature is lowered or the load is reduced as far as necessary to keep the device in working condition, and require removal/re-application of input AC voltage in order to restart.
- 3. In order for the device to function in the manner intended, it is also necessary to keep a safety distance of 50mm (1.96 inch) above and below the device as well as a lateral distance of 25mm (0.98 inch) to other units while the device is in operation.
- 4. Depending on the surrounding air temperature and output load delivered by the power supply, the device can be very hot!
- 5. If the device has to be mounted in any other orientation, please contact **info@deltapsu.com** for more details.



#### Output Load De-rating VS Input Voltage



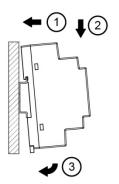
No output power de-rating across the entire input voltage range

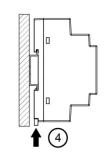
# **Assembly & Installation**

The power supply unit (PSU) can be mounted on 35mm DIN rails in accordance with EN60715. The device should be installed with input terminal block at the bottom.

Each device is delivered ready to install.

#### Mounting





# Fig. 2.1 Mounting

7

Snap on the DIN rail as shown in Fig. 2.1:

- 1. Tilt the unit upwards and insert it onto the DIN rail.
- 2. Push downwards until stopped.
- 3. Press against the bottom front side for locking.
- 4. Shake the unit slightly to ensure that it is secured.

# 

Dismounting

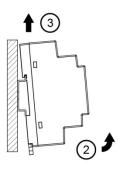
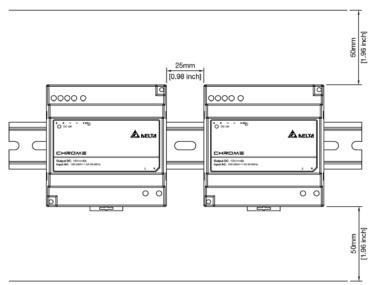


Fig. 2.2 Dismounting

To uninstall, pull or slide down the latch with screw driver as shown in Fig. 2.2. Then slide the power supply unit (PSU) in the opposite direction, release the latch and pull out the power supply unit (PSU) from the rail.



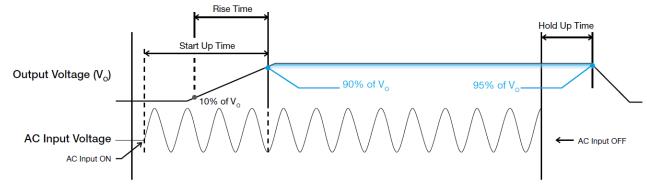
## Safety Instructions



- ALWAYS switch mains of input power OFF before connecting and disconnecting the input voltage to the unit. If mains are not turned OFF, there is risk of explosion / severe damage.
- To guarantee sufficient convection cooling, keep a distance of 50mm (1.96 inch) above and below the device as well as a lateral distance of 25mm (0.98 inch) to other units.
- Note that the enclosure of the device can become very hot depending on the surrounding air temperature and load of the power supply. Risk of burns!
- DO NOT insert any objects into the unit.
- Hazardous voltages may be present for up to 5 minutes after the input mains voltage is disconnected. Do not touch the unit during this time.
- The power supplies are built in units and must be installed in a cabinet or room (condensation free environment and indoor location) that is relatively free of conductive contaminants.

# **Functions**

Graph illustrating the Start-up Time, Rise Time, and Hold-up Time



# Start-up Time

The time required for the output voltage to reach 90% of its final steady state set value, after the input voltage is applied.

# **Rise Time**

The time required for the output voltage to change from 10% to 90% of its final steady state set value.

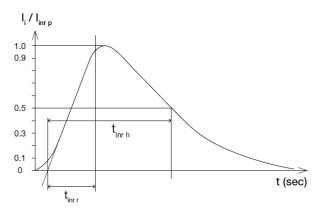
# Hold-up Time

Time between the collapse of the AC input voltage, and the output falling to 95% of its steady state set value.



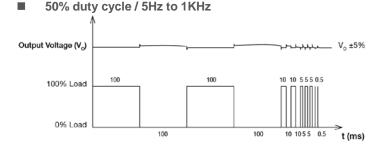
#### Inrush Current

Inrush current is the peak, instantaneous, input current measured and, occurs when the input voltage is first applied. For AC input voltages, the maximum peak value of inrush current will occur during the first half cycle of the applied AC voltage. This peak value decreases exponentially during subsequent cycles of AC voltage.



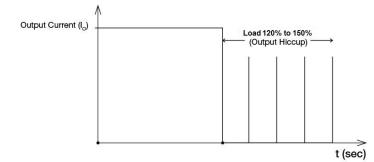
# Dynamic Response

The power supply output voltage will remains within  $\pm 5\%$  of its steady state value, when subjected to a dynamic load from 0 to 100% of its rated current.



# Overload & Overcurrent Protections (Auto-Recovery)

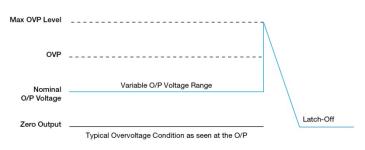
The power supply's Overload (OLP) and Over current (OCP) Protections will be activated when output current 120% to 150% of I<sub>O</sub> (Max load). In such occurrence, once the power supply has reached its maximum power limit, the protection is activated and the power supply will go into "Hiccup mode" (Auto-Recovery). The power supply will recover once the fault condition of the OLP and OCP is removed and I<sub>O</sub> is back within the specifications.



#### Overvoltage Protection (Latch Mode)

The power supply's overvoltage circuit will be activated when its internal feedback circuit fails. The output voltage shall not exceed its specifications defined on Page 3 under "Protections". Power supply will latch off, and require removal/re-application of input AC voltage in order to restart.

#### The power supply should be latch.

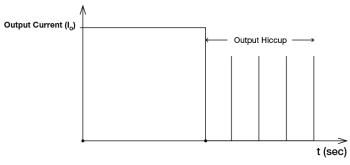


# Over Temperature Protection (Latch Mode)

As described in load de-rating section, the power supply also has Over Temperature Protection (OTP). In the event of a higher operating temperature at 100% load; or, when the operating temperature is beyond what is recommended in the de-rating graph, the OTP circuit will be activated. When activated, power supply will latch off, until the surrounding air temperature drops to its normal operating temperature or the load is reduced as recommended in the de-rating graph. Removal/re-application of input AC voltage will then be required in order to restart.

# Short Circuit Protection (Auto-Recovery)

The power supply's output Short Circuit Protection function also provides protection against short circuits. When a short circuit is applied, the output current will operate in "Hiccup mode". The power supply will return to normal operation after the short circuit is removed.





#### **Operating Mode**

#### Parallel Operation

The power supply units (PSUs) can also be used for parallel operation in order to increase the output power. The difference in output voltage between the two units must be kept to within 25mV of each other. This difference must be verified with the same output load connected independently to each unit.

Parameters such as EMI, inrush current, leakage current, PARD, start up time will be different from those on the datasheet, when two units are connected in parallel. The user will need to verify that any differences will still allow the two power supplies connected in parallel will work properly in their product/application.

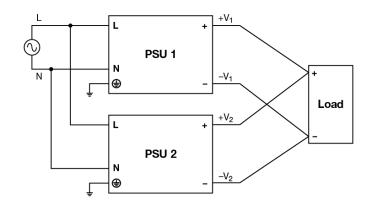


Fig. 3 Parallel Operation Connection Diagram

#### **Others**

#### **Delta RoHS Compliant**



#### Restriction of the usage of hazardous substances

The European directive 2011/65/EU limits the maximum impurity level of homogeneous materials such as lead, mercury, cadmium, chrome, polybrominated flame retardants PBB and PBDE for the use in electrical and electronic equipment. RoHS is the abbreviation for "Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment".

This product conforms to this standard.

#### PFC - Norm EN 61000-3-2

#### Line Current Harmonic content



Typically, the input current waveform is not sinusoidal due to the periodical peak charging of the input capacitor. In industrial environment, complying with EN 61000-3-2 is only necessary under special conditions. Complying to this standard can have some technical drawbacks, such as lower efficiency as well as some commercial aspects such as higher purchasing costs. Frequently, the user does not profit from fulfilling this standard, therefore, it is important to know whether it is mandatory to meet this standard for a specific application.

