

# H80SV\_200W Series

200W 1/2<sup>th</sup> Brick DC/DC Power Modules



Input voltage: 16.8~137.5V continuous 14.4~200V transient Single output: 12V,15V,24V,48V, 54V Output power: 200W

## FEATURES

#### **Electrical**

- Efficiency up to 91.5% @72Vin,15Vout
- 4242Vdc reinforced isolation
- Input transient voltage: 200V/1S
- Operating Baseplate Temperature Range: -40°C to +100°C
- Fully protected: Input UVLO, Output OVP & OCP and OTP
- Monotonic startup and pre-biased startup
- No minimum load requirement
- Meet EN50155 with external components
- Working altitude up to 5000 m

#### Mechanical

• Size: 63.1mm\*60.6mm\*13mm

#### Safety & Reliability

- IEC/EN/UL/CSA 62368-1
- IEC/EN/UL/CSA 60950-1
- Fire & Smoke meet EN45545-2
- Shock & Vibrtion meet EN50155(EN61373)
- ISO 9001, TL 9000, ISO 14001, QS 9000,
- OHSAS18001 certified manufacturing facility

Recommended part number									
Model Name	Input	Output		Output		Output Eff.		Eff. @ 100% Load	Others
H80SV12017PRFS		12V	17A	91.0% @72V					
H80SV15013PRFS	16.8~137.5V continuous 14.4~200V transient	15V	13.5A	91.5% @72V					
H80SV24008PRFS		24V	8.5A	88.0% @72V	Positive on/off Threaded mounting hole				
H80SV48004PRFS		48V	4.2A	90.0% @72V	The date a mounting hole				
H80SV54004PRFS	-	54V	3.8A	90.6%@72V					

Part	Part numbering system									
н	80	S	V	ххххх	Р	R	F	S		
Form Factor	Input Voltage	Number Of Outputs	Product Series	Output Voltage & Current	ON/OFF Logic	Pin Length	Option Code	Option Code		
H - 1/2 Brick	80 - 16.8~137.5V	S - Single	V - Series Number	12017 - 12V & 17A 15013 - 15V & 13.5A 24008 - 24V & 8.5A 48004 - 48V & 4.2A 54004 - 54V & 3.8A	P - Positive N - Negative	R - 0.170"	F - RoHS 6/6 (Lead Free)	A - unthreaded mounting hole S - with threaded mounting hole(M3*0.5)		



#### **Technical Specification**

All specifications valid at 72Vin, 100% Rated load and 25  $^\circ\!\!\mathbb{C}$  ambient, unless otherwise indicated.

Attribute		Model	H80SV12017	H80SV15013	H80SV24008	H80SV48004	H80SV54004			
		continuous			16.8~137.5Vdc					
	Voltage	transient	14.4V/1S, 200V/1S							
		@16.8Vin,full load	14.0A	14.0A	14.5A	14.0A	14.0A			
		@ 10.0 viri, iuli ioau	(<14.5A)	(<14.5A)	(<15.0A)	(<14.5A)	(<15A)			
INPUT	Current	@72Vin,no load	66mA	60mA	30mA	35mA	38mA			
			(<96mA)	(<90mA)	(<50mA)	(<55mA)	(<60mA)			
		@Enable off &72V			30mA max					
	Efficiency	72Vin, 100% load	91.0%	91.5%	88.0%	90.0%	90.6%			
	-	72Vin, 60% load	90.5%	89.5%	88.0%	88%	90.0%			
	Voltage Setting	(72Vin,no load)	12V±1%	15V±1%	24V±1%	48V±1%	54V±1%			
_	Current Rating		0~17.0A	0~13.5A	0~8.5A	0~4.2A	0~3.8A			
	Voltage trim rar	-			-20%~+10%					
-	Ripple & Noise	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	30mV	35mV	35mV	80mV	200mV			
	Output Sense		10%	10%	5%	5%	4%			
	Output	Line (full load)			0.2% Max					
OUTPUT	Regulation	Load (72Vin)	0.2% Max							
		Temperature		<b>0.007%/</b> ℃						
	Start-up	Delay from input	200~460ms							
	Time *3	Delay from on/off	200~460ms							
		Rise time	Max 100ms							
	Transient response *4	Voltage deviation	280mV	280mV	400mV	400mV	750mV			
	Output capacita	ance	Max 2200uF	Max 1000uF	Max 1000uF	Max 100uF	Max 100uF			
	Output Over Cu	urrent (hiccup)	18.7~24A	14.5~19A	9.0~12.0A	4.4~7A	4.0~6.5A			
	Output Over Vo	Output Over Voltage (hiccup)		16.5~19V	26.4~31.2V	52.8~62.4V	59.4~70.2V			
PROTECTI		On threshold		16.0V(15.2~16.4V)						
ON	Input UVLO	Off threshold	14.0V(13.2~14.6V)							
ON		Hysteresis			2V					
	OTP	Shutdown NTC			<b>125</b> ℃					
	shutdown	Restart Hysteresis	6°C							
	Voltage, Input t	o Output								
ISOLATIO	Voltage, Input t	o baseplate	4242Vdc							
N	Voltage, Output	t to baseplate								
	Resistance (at	500Vdc)	100 MΩ min							
	Operating amb	ient temperature	-40~85℃							
ENVIRON	Operating base	plate temperature	-40~100℃							
MENT	Storage temper	rature	-40~125℃							
	Operating Hum	idity	Max 95%							
	Logic low		0~0.4V							
Enable	Logic high		3~5V							
control	Current (Von/off=	0V)	1.5mA max							
	Open circuit vo	Itage	5.5V max							
	Fixed Switching	g Frequency		-	140kHz					
Others	MTBF(72Vin,80				1.48 Mhours					
	Weight		125g							

Notes

\*1 Maximum output power & current of the module should not over rated output power & current.

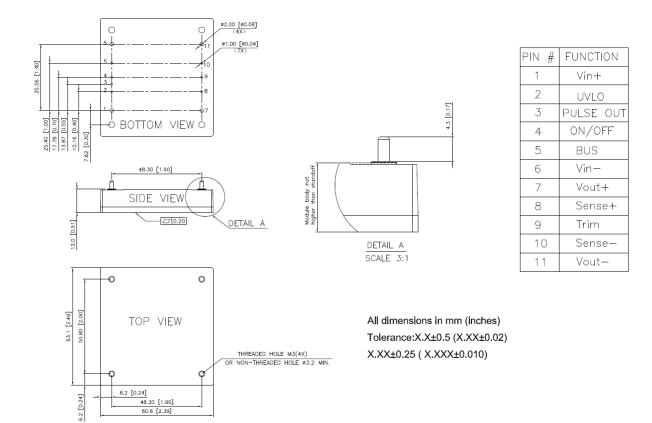
\*2 Ripple & Noise measurement bandwidth is 0-20MHz, Vin=72V, full load, Cout=10uF tan +1uF ceramic

\*3 "Delay from input": from Vin reaching turn-on threshold to 10% V<sub>out</sub> (pre-applied enable); "Delay from on/off": From enable to 10% V<sub>out</sub> (pre-applied V<sub>in</sub>); "Rise time" From 10% to 90% Vout.

\*4 Load transient test condition: 72Vin, 50% to 75% full load, 10uF Tan & 1uF ceramic load cap, 0.1A/us.



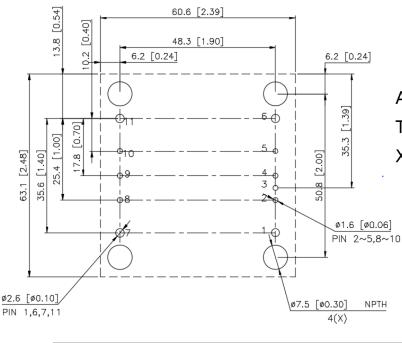
## **Mechanical Drawing**



Pin I	Definition	
PIN	NAME	DESCRIPTION
1	VIN+	the positive input pin
2	UVLO	by pulled up/down through resistor, this pin allows to tune the UVLO level
3	PULSE OUT	output 1kHz/50% pulse voltage, easy to realize inrush limited circuit
4	ON/OFF	Remote on/off pin
5	BUS	200uF cap and 3ohm resistor connected between BUS and VIN- is necessary to keep operating stable, and also realize 0~30ms hold up time with an optional RCD circuit
6	VIN-	the negative input pin
7	VOUT+	the positive output
8	SENSE+	the positive sense pin
9	TRIM	by pulled up/down through resistor, this pin allow to tune output voltage up/down.
10	SENSE-	the negative sense pin
11	VOUT-	the negative output



## **Recommended layout**

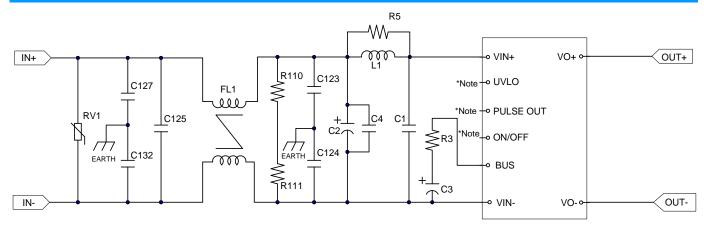


All dimensions in mm (inches) Tolerance:X.X±0.5 (X.XX±0.02) X.XX±0.25 ( X.XXX±0.010)

PIN #	FUNCTION	D_pin	PIN #	FUNCTION	D_pin
1	Vin+	ø2.00	7	Vout+	Ø2.00
2	UVLO	ø1.00	8	Sense+	ø1.00
3	PULSE OUT	ø1.00	9	Trim	ø1.00
4	ON/OFF	ø1.00	10	Sense-	ø1.00
5	BUS	ø1.00	11	Vout–	ø2.00
6	Vin-	ø2.00			



## Input filter design to comply with EN50155



\*Note: Refer to page11 for the UVLO(pin2), PULSE OUT(pin3) and ON/OFF(pin4) implementation.

ID	PART NO.	TYPE	PARAMETERS	QTY	VENDOR	Purpose	
RV1 (MOV)	B72207S0131K101	Varistor	170VDC,1.2KA	1	EPCOS	For surge	
C123,C124,C127,C132	R413F1100JU00M	Capacitor, Y2/X1	1000p,300VAC	4	KEMET		
C125	R46KF310045M1M	Capacitor,X2	0.1uF,275VAC	1	KEMET		
FL1	PH9455.105NL	Common choke	1mH	1	Pulse	For EMC	
R110,R111	RV1206FR-07100K	1206 1/4W	100k ohm	2	YAGEO		
C1	C1210X474K251TX	MLCC	0.47uF/250V(2pcs parallel)	2	HOLY STONE		
C4	C1210X474K251TX	MLCC	0.47uF/250V(2pcs parallel)	2	HOLY STONE	]	
C2	EKXG201ELL101ML20S	Capacitor,	100uF,200V	1	NCC	For stable	
C3	EKXJ251EC3121ML25S	Electrolytic	120uF,250V(2pcs parallel)	2	NCC	operation	
R3,R5	WF25S3R0JTL	Resistor	3ohm/J/1W 2512/surge type	1	WASIN	]	
L1	CMLS104T-3R3MS	choke	3.3uH	1	Cyntec		

\*The components for EMC, surge purpose can be deleted if don't need the function.



## 1. H80SV12017 (12V output)

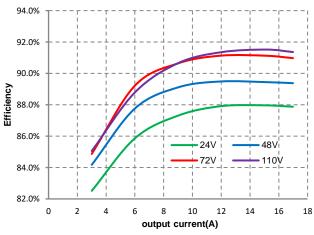


Figure 1: Efficiency vs. load current at 25°C.

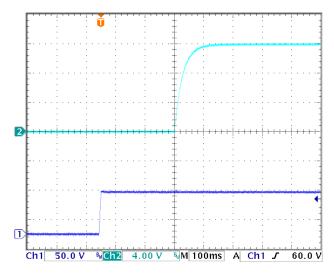


Figure 3: Turn-on transient at full load current (200ms/div). Top Trace: Vout, 4V/div; Bottom Trace: Vin, 50V/div

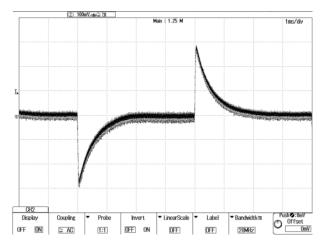
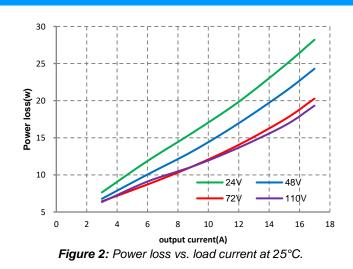
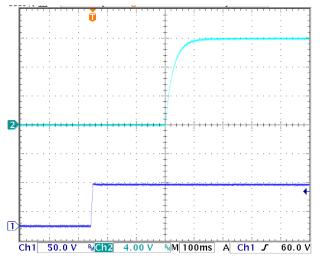
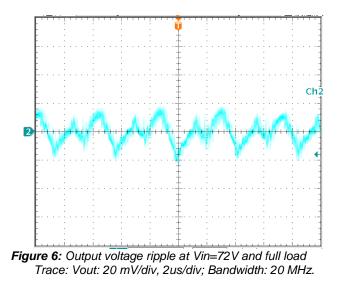


Figure 5: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50%-75%-50% of full load; di/dt = 0.1A/µs). Trace: Vout: 100mV/div; Time: 1ms/div



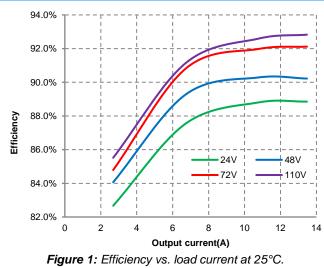


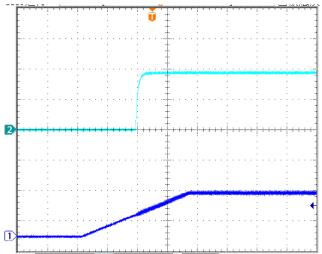
*Figure 4:* Turn-on transient at full load current (200ms/div). Top Trace: Vout, 4V/div; Bottom Trace: ON/OFF, 5V/div



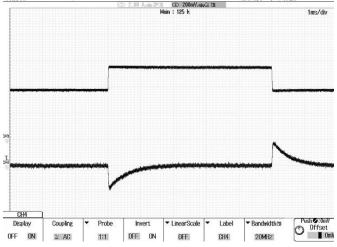


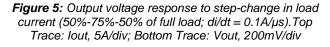
### 2. H80SV15013 (15V output)

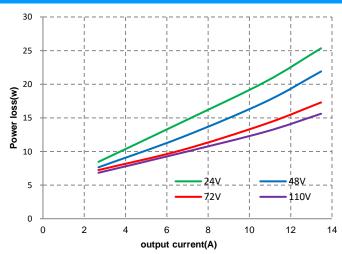


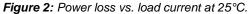


*Figure 3:* Turn-on transient at full load current (200ms/div). Top Trace: Vout, 8V/div; Bottom Trace: Vin, 50V/div









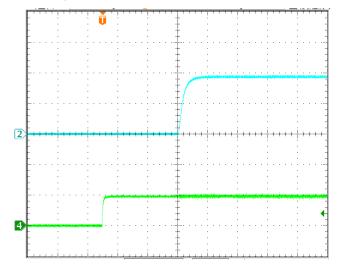


Figure 4: Turn-on transient at full load current (100ms/div). Top Trace: Vout, 8V/div; Bottom Trace: ON/OFF, 5V/div

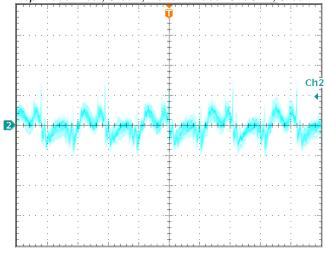
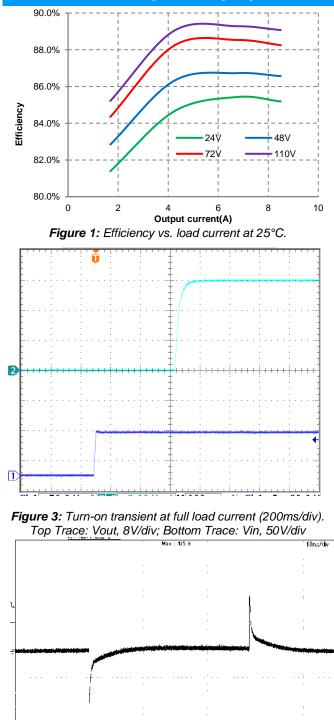


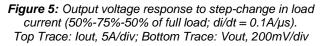
Figure 6: Output voltage ripple at Vin=72V and full load Trace: Vout: 10 mV/div, 2us/div; Bandwidth: 20 MHz.

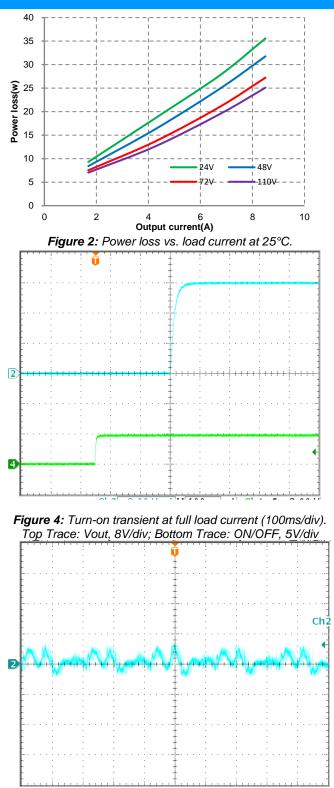


#### 3. H80SV24008 (24V output)









*Figure 6:* Output voltage ripple at Vin=72V and full load Trace: Vout: 10 mV/div, 2us/div; Bandwidth: 20 MHz.



#### 4. H80SV48004 (48V output)

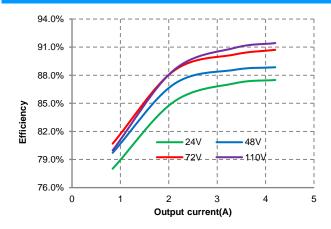
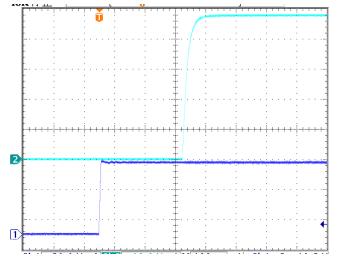
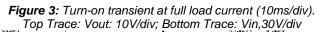
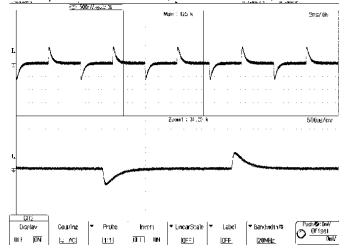
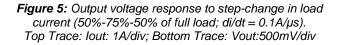


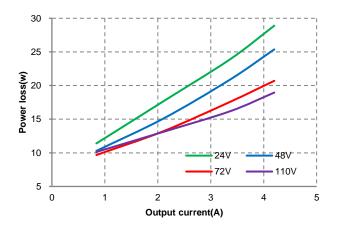
Figure 1: Efficiency vs. load current at 25°C.

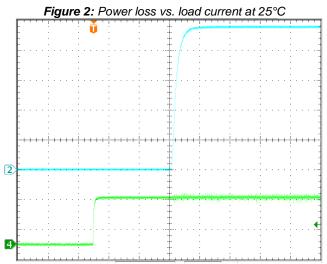


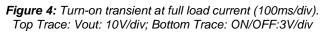


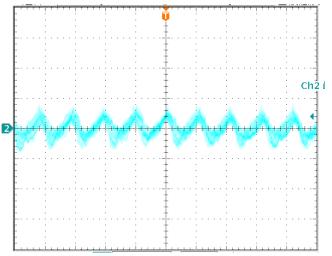












*Figure 6:* Output voltage ripple at Vin=72V and full load Trace: Vout: 25 mV/div, 2us/div; Bandwidth: 20 MHz.



## 5. H80SV54004 (54V output)

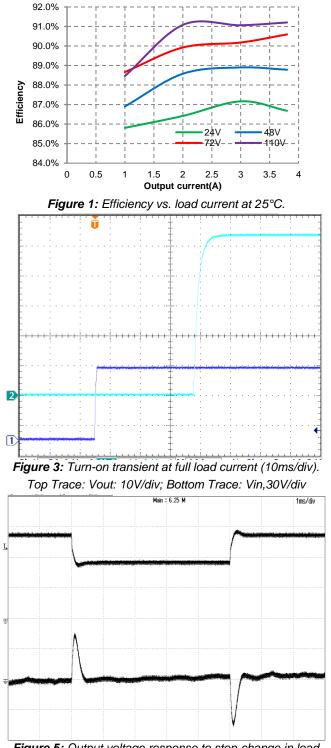
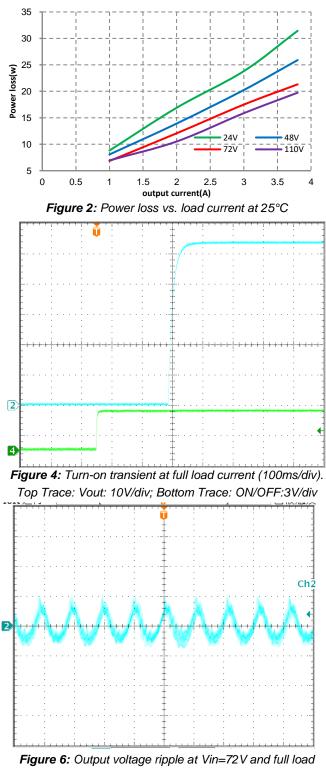


Figure 5: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50%-75%-50% of full load; di/dt = 0.1A/μs).
Top Trace: lout: 1A/div; Bottom Trace: Vout:500mV/div



Trace: Vout: 25 mV/div, 2us/div; Bandwidth: 20 MHz.



## **Feature description**

#### **Over-Current limit and Over-Current Protection**

The modules include both internal output over-current limit circuit, and over-current protection. The OCP level is higher than OCL level.

When load current exceed OCL level, the modules will decrease output voltage to limit load current. Once output voltage lower than 60% output set point, module will shut down and enter hiccup mode.

When load current rise fast and exceeds OCP level, the module will shut down quickly and enter hiccup mode, until the fault condition is removed.

For H80SV48004 and H80SV54004 production, if output resistance is very low, the output current could be very high and cause damage. The module will be effectively protected only if load resistance higher than 20hm.

#### **Over-Voltage Protection**

The modules include an internal output over-voltage protection circuit, which monitors the voltage on the output terminals. If this voltage exceeds the overvoltage set point, the module will shut down, and always try to restart until the over current condition is corrected

#### **Over-Temperature Protection**

The over-temperature protection consists of circuitry that provides protection from thermal damage. If the over-temperature is detected the module will shut down, and restart after the temperature is within specification.

#### UVLO (pin2)

Pin2 is for adjust turn on/off threshold voltage between Vin+ and Vin-, the default setting (leave the UVLO pin floating) is 16V on and 14V off. It also can be configured by a resister connected between the UVLO and VIN (+/-) pin. The following table and figure show a typical configuration.

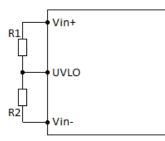


Figure7 UVLO pin Implementation

Nominal Vin	24	V	36V	48V	72V	96V	110V
Turn-off Threshold	12 ±0.4V	14 ±0.4V	21.2 ±0.4V	28.4 ±0.4V	42.8 ±1V	57.2 ±1V	65.6 ±2V
Turn-on Threshold	14 ±0.4V	16 ±0.4V	24.5 ±0.4V	33.6 ±0.4V	50.4 ±1V	67.6 ±1V	76.8 ±2V
External Resistor (KΩ)*	2.2Meg	open	24.9	12.4	6.19	4.12	3.48
Location	R <sup>.</sup> (leave R	-	R2 (leave R1=NC)				

\*Please note the output power should be  $\leq$  120w if configure UVLO turn off threshold to 12V (R1=2.2M & R2=NC).

#### PULSE OUT(Pin3)

This pin outputs a 1KHz 50% duty cycle pulse voltage with 12V amplitude. It is designed to provide a bootstrap signal for the input inrush current limit circuit (as show in following figure), and also could indicate operating status with a LED connected. If this feature is not used, please left it open.

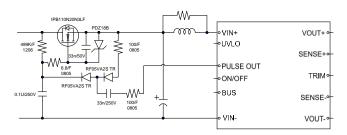


Figure8 An Active Circuit Design for Inrush Current Limit

When pulse out pin is high level, the source current of pulse out pin should be limited no more than 10mA.For resistive load, higher than 1.2kohm is necessary.

#### Remote On/off(Pin4)

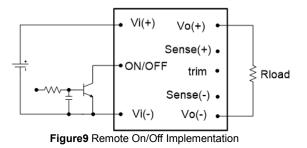
The remote On/Off feature on the module can be either negative or positive logic depend on the part number options on the first page.

**For Negative logic version**, turns the module on during an external logic low and off during a logic high. If the remote on/off feature is not used, please short the On/Off pin to Vin(-).

**For Positive logic version**, turns the modules on during an external logic high and off during a logic low. If the remote On/Off feature is not used, please leave the On/Off pin to floating.

Remote On/Off can be controlled by an external switch between the On/Off terminal and the Vin(-) terminal. The switch can be an open collector or open drain, as showed in figure9





#### Trim (PIN9)

To increase or decrease the output voltage set point, connect an external resistor between the TRIM pin and SENSE (+) pin or SENSE (-) pin. The TRIM pin should be left open if this feature is not used.

Take H80SV12017 as example, for trim down, the external resistor value required to obtain a percentage of output voltage change  $\triangle$  is defined as:

$$R_{trim - down} = \left[\frac{5.11}{\Delta} - 10.22\right] (K\Omega)$$
  
Ex. When Trim-down -10% (12V×0.9=10.8V)

$$R_{trim-down} = \left[\frac{5.11}{10\%} - 10.22\right] (K\Omega) = 40.88 (K\Omega)$$

For trim up, the external resistor value required to obtain a percentage output voltage change  $\triangle$  is defined as:

 $R_{trim-up} = \left[\frac{45}{\Delta} + 40\right] K\Omega$ Ex. When Trim-up +10% (12V×110%=13.2V)  $R_{trim-up} = \left[\frac{45}{10\%} + 40\right] = 490(K\Omega)$ 

	Rtrim-up /kohm	Rtrim-down /kohm
H80SV12017	$\frac{45}{\Delta} + 40$	$\frac{5.\ 11}{\Delta}$ – 10. 22
H80SV15013	$\frac{57.46}{\Delta} + 52.35$	$\frac{5.\ 11}{\Delta}$ – 10. 22
H80SV24008	$\frac{95}{\Delta}$ + 90	$\frac{5.\ 11}{\Delta}$ – 10. 22
H80SV48004	$\frac{195}{\Delta} + 190$	$\frac{5.\ 11}{\Delta}$ – 10. 22
H80SV54004	$\frac{220}{\Delta} + 215$	$\frac{5.\ 11}{\Delta}$ – 10. 22

## **Design considerations**

#### Input Source Impedance

A C-L-C filter circuit (figure10) comprises C2, L1, C1 is recommended placed at the input of H80SV module. C2 is a 100uF CAP and keep the input voltage stable. L1, C1,C3 depress the high frequency ripple current flow into C2. R5 helps to avoid LC resonant in burst mode operating when output load is low.

Location	description
C1,C3	1uF MLCC or film cap
C3	100uF cap
L1	3.3uH inductor
R5	3.01ohm/1w

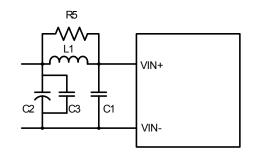


Figure 10 input filter design

#### Input voltage slew rate

The rise dv/dt of voltage across VIN+, VIN- should be limited less than 10V/ms.

#### **Bus Cap and Resistor**

An electrolytic cap (C3) about 200uF and a resistor (R3) 3ohm connected between BUS and Vin- is necessary. The cap provides/absorb transient power and make the DCDC operating stable. The series resistor R3 is recommended to depress the high frequency ripple current flow into C3.

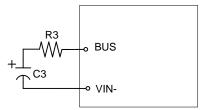


Figure 11 BUS pin circuit

The bus pin is a voltage source depends on input voltage, the relationship is showed in below table and also the recommended rate voltage of C3

Vin/V	24	48	72	96	110
Vbus/V	90	90	90	96	110
Vrate of C3	>=100V			>=160\	/

The power loss on R3 should be taken into account

- 1. In steady operating status, R3 consumes 0.3w in steady operating.
- 2. During start-up transient, C3 is charged through R3,



which endures a pulse power loss about 20w/15ms. The test condition is as below:

VIN=137.5V, C3=240uF, R3=30hm, the VIN rise slew rate=10V/ms.

Based on the 2 points above, we recommend below parts for R3.

WF25S3R0JTL(WASIN),30hm/J 2512, or SG73P2BTTD6R04F(KOA) 6.040hm/F 1206 ,2pcs parallel connected

#### The hold-up time circuit

Hold-up time circuit comprises R4, D1, C4, showed in figure 12. The capacity of C4 decides the hold-up time during interruption of input power. The relationship is showed in below table. The maximum hold-up time is 30ms, and is not able to be enlarged by adding more cap. The rated voltage of C4 is same with C3.

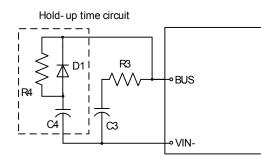


Figure 12 hold-up time circuit

Model	Vin	24V	36V	48V	72V	96V	110V
	Capacitance						
12017	For 10 mS		240	00uF		820uF	560uF
12017	For 30 mS		500	)0uF		2460uF	1680uF
15013	For 10 mS		3000uF			1200uF	700uF
15015	For 30 mS		6000uF			3300uF	2100uF
24008	For 10 mS		240	)0uF		820uF	560uF
24006	For 30 mS	5000uF				2460uF	1680uF
48004	For 10 mS		330	)0uF		1300uF	800uF
40004	40004 For 30 mS		6900uF				2400uF
54004	For 10 mS	3000uF			1200uF	700uF	
54004	For 30 mS		600	3300uF	2100uF		

During start up, R4 endures a high pulse power, and should be selected carefully. The power is related to Vin and capacitance of C4. We recommend part number for R4 as below:

#### C4<=5600uF

R3=WHS7-100RJT07 (TT Electronics) 100ohm.

5600uF<C4<=7200uF WHS7-051RJT07 (TT Electronics) 510hm/2pcs series Connected.

#### Safety Considerations

The power module must be installed in compliance with the spacing and separation requirements of the enduser's safety agency standard, i.e., IEC 62368-1: 2014 (2nd edition), EN 62368-1: 2014 (2nd edition), UL 62368-1, 2nd Edition, 2014-12-01 and CSA C22.2 No. 62368-1-14, 2nd Edition, 2014-12. IEC 60950-1: 2005, 2nd Edition + A1: 2009 + A2: 2013, EN 60950-1: 2006 + A11: 2009 + A1: 2010 + A12: 2011 + A2: 2013, UL 60950-1, 2nd Edition, 2011-10-14 and CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1-07, 2nd Edition, 2010-14 if the system in which the power module is to be used must meet safety agency requirements.

Reinforced insulation is provided between the input and output of the module. Input is considered as hazardous voltage secondary circuit which main transient is up to 1500Vpk and output is considered as SELV circuit, at least basic insulation shall be provided between the hazardous voltage secondary circuit and AC mains/Primary circuit. The input source must be insulated from the ac mains by reinforced or double insulation. The input terminals of the module are not considered as operator accessible.

A SELV reliability test may require when install on the system where the module is used, in combination with the module, to ensure that under a single fault, hazardous voltage does not appear at the module's output.

This power module is not internally fused. To achieve optimum safety and system protection, an input line fast-acting fuse with 20A is highly recommended. Further evaluation should be considered if other type and rated of fuse is used.

#### **Soldering and Cleaning Considerations**

Post solder cleaning is usually the final board assembly process before the board or system undergoes electrical testing. Inadequate cleaning and/or drying may lower the reliability of a power module and severely affect the finished circuit board assembly test. Adequate cleaning and/or drying is especially important for un-encapsulated and/or open frame type power modules. For assistance on appropriate soldering and cleaning procedures, please contact Delta's technical support team



## **Thermal considerations**

The thermal curve is based on the test setup shown as figure 13. The module is mounted on an AI plate and was cooled by cooling liquid.

Figure14 shows the location to monitor the temperature of the module's baseplate. The baseplate temperature in thermal curve is a reference for customer to make thermal evaluation and make sure the module is operated under allowable temperature.

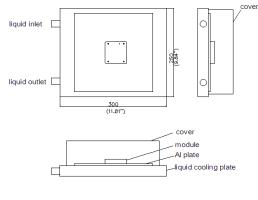


Figure 13: Test setup

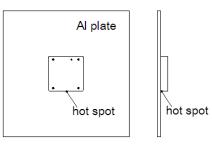
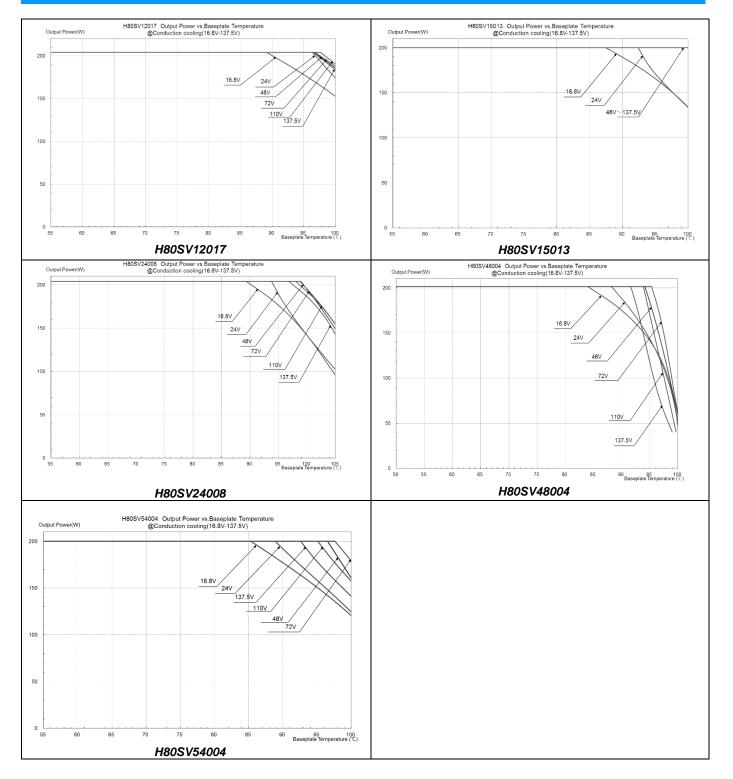


Figure 14: Temperature measured point



## **Thermal curves**





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#### WARRANTY

Delta offers a five (5) year limited warranty. Complete warranty information is listed on our web site or is available upon request from Delta.

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